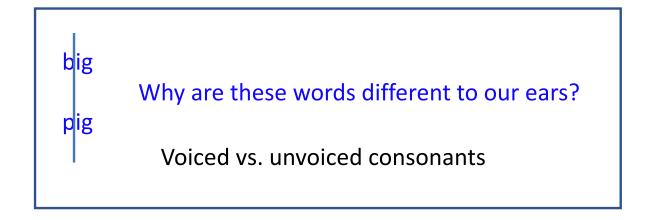
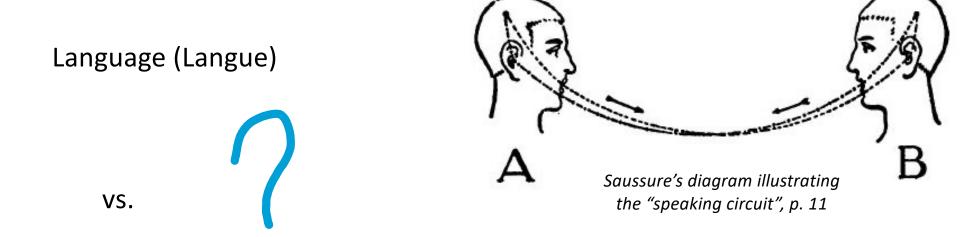
- **Phonetic sound:** sheer sounds people produce; sounds heard acoustically (can analyze with sound analysis software).
- **Phonemic/phonological sound**: sounds perceived as meaningfully part of a language; a sound-image as part of a particular system of sounds.

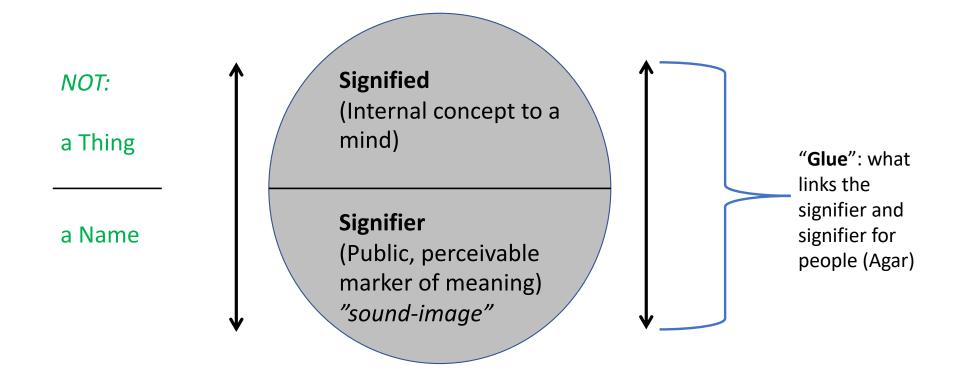


Phonetic vs. Phonemic Sound: Minimal Pairs
Other Examples?

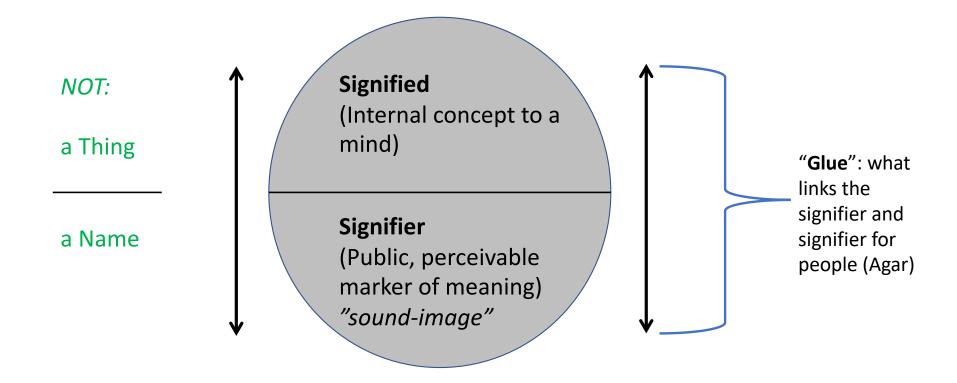


Speech (Parole)

How do we conceptualize this distinction for Saussure? What metaphors does he use? Draw it? Examples?



Saussure's binary sign in language **Examples??**



Saussure's binary sign in language:

What does an "arbitrary" sign mean? Examples?

paradigmatic relations

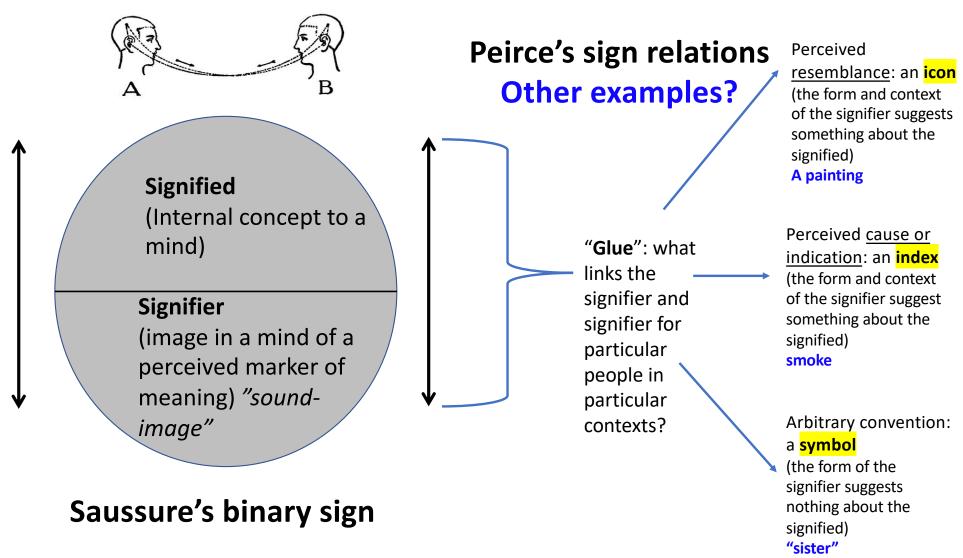
commensurate signs we can use in the same slot, what could be said, and still sound grammatical.

	Не	can	can	a	can!				syntagmatic relationsco-occurring signs in		
speech chain	pronoun /subject	aux. verb	trans. verb	article	noun/ direct object				speech, what is actually said. Choice within a slot can change other		
	J Hlu	morl	ess l	hag	of	an a	acaden	nic	slots.		
					<u>'</u>						

Language as a <u>System</u>: Syntagmatic and Paradigmatic Relations If language is not just a pile of words, what links or "articulates" linguistic signs together? Examples?

A sign, or *representamen*, is **[1] something** which stands **[2] for something [3]** *to somebody in some respect or capacity.*

Peirce's Triadic Sign
How is this different from Saussure's sign? Examples?



Agar, p. 41

